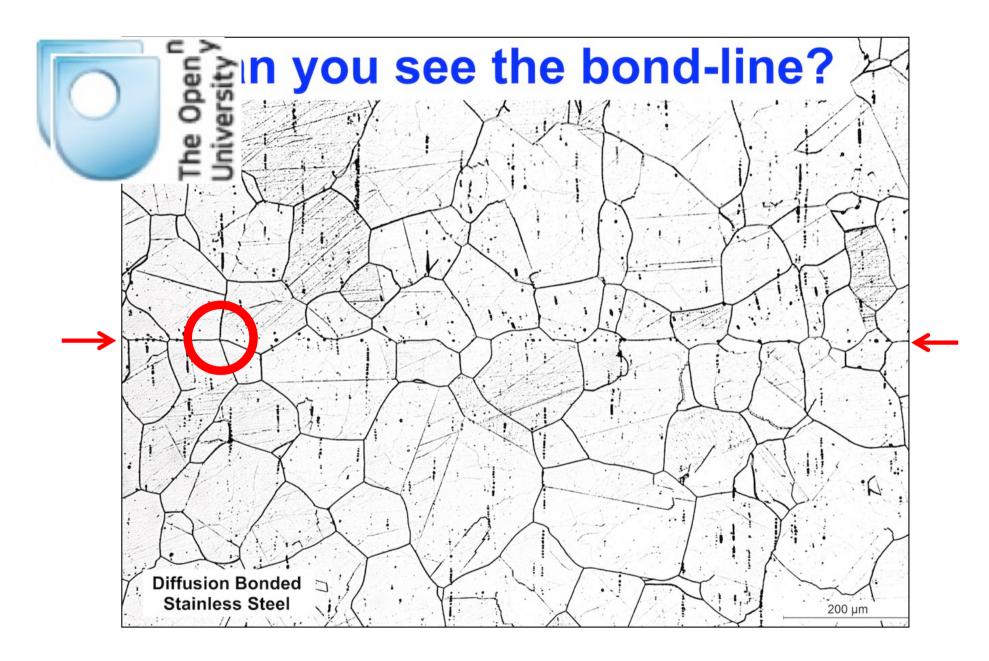
#### Diffusion bonding of titanium to itself and to aluminium

Amir Shirzadi

# Symposium of World Experts in Diffusion Bonding 20-21 June 2017 The Open University





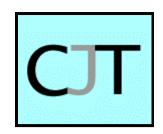


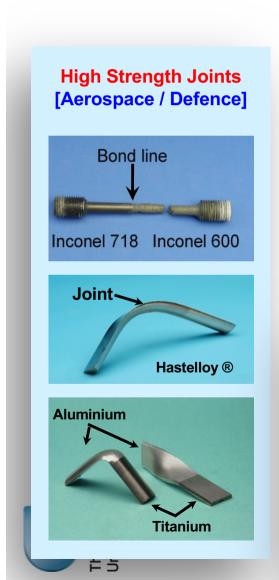




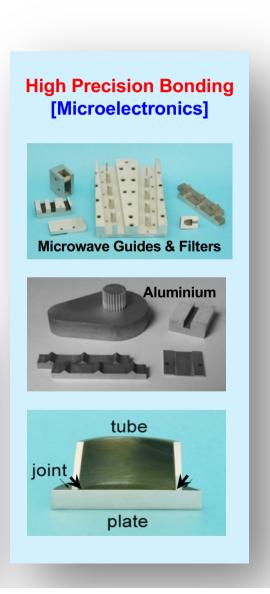
#### **Advanced Joining Methods**

Patented in UK and USA









## Cambridge diffusion bonding rig





# New diffusion bonding rig & specimen setup (The Open University)



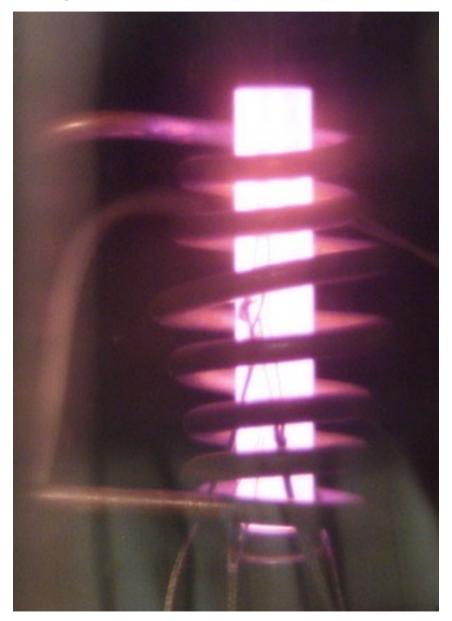




## Joining a 60-layer component



**Conventional coil** 



Special coil



...all metals will bond

if

thoroughly cleaned surfaces are brought together within the range of interatomic forces.

Ref: Kazakof's surface oxide hypothesis

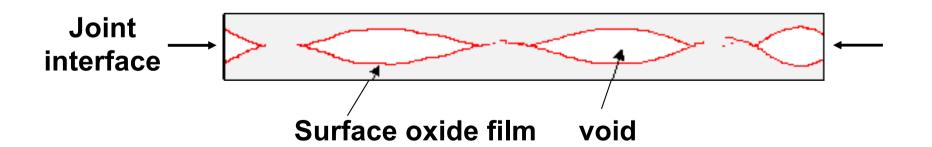


#### Classical definition of diffusion bonding:

A process by which faying surfaces are brought into sufficiently close contact using an applied pressure at elevated temperature to allow bond formation by atomic interdiffusion across the joint interface.

#### **But in reality:**

surface oxides are brought into close contact not the alloys themselves!





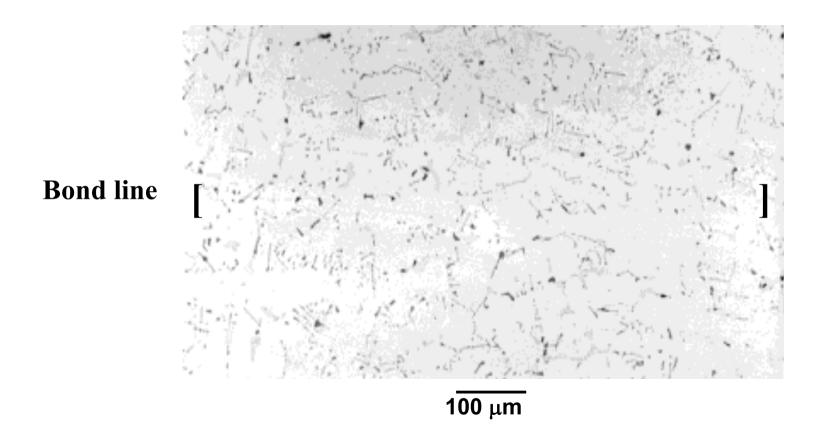
#### Gallium-assisted solid-state diffusion

(UK and USA Patents)





## Gallium-assisted diffusion bonding of cobalt-base superalloy PWA647



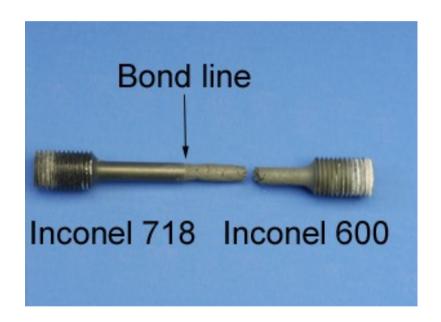


## Creep test result Inconel 600 joined to Inconel 718

Joined sample failed in parent alloy and away from the bond line

Temperature: 760° C

Stress: 90 MPa

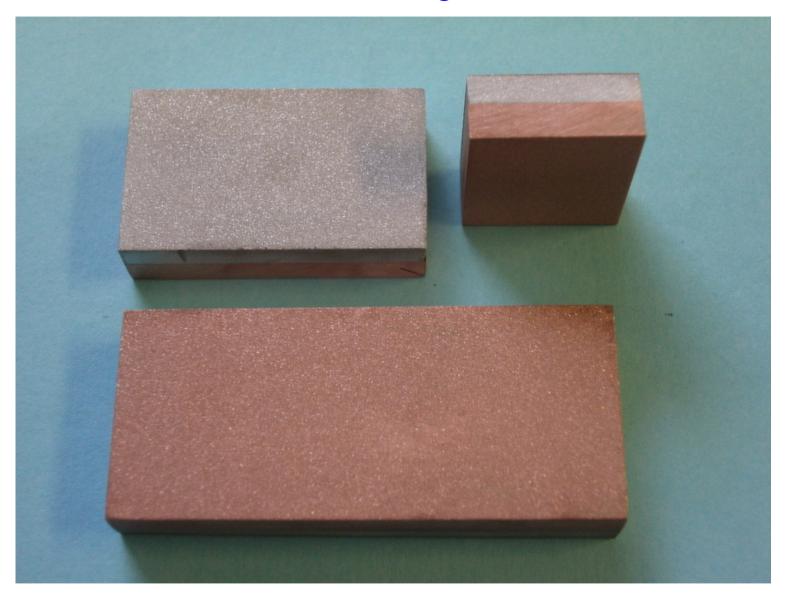


• Lifetime of dissimilar joint: 33 hours

• Lifetime of parent Inconel 600: 31 hours



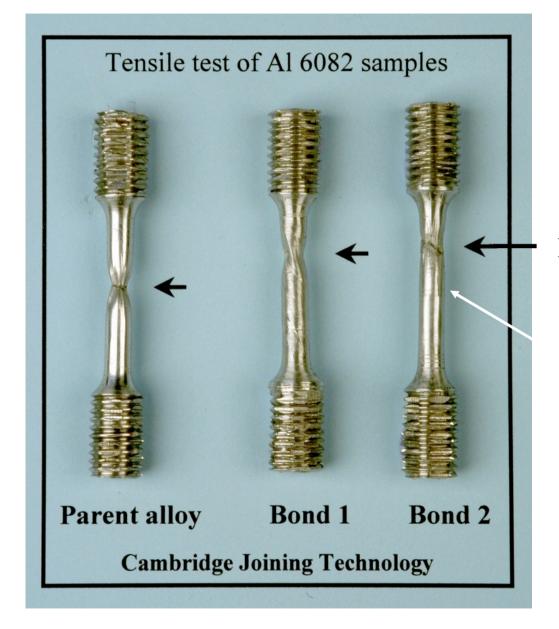
### Diffusion bonding Cu to Al





Endured 3000 thermal cycles (Mitsubishi Project)

#### Room temperature tensile tests of solid-state diffusion bonds



**Necking points** 

Bond line is in the centre of sample



#### Rolls Royce Trent 900 Engine

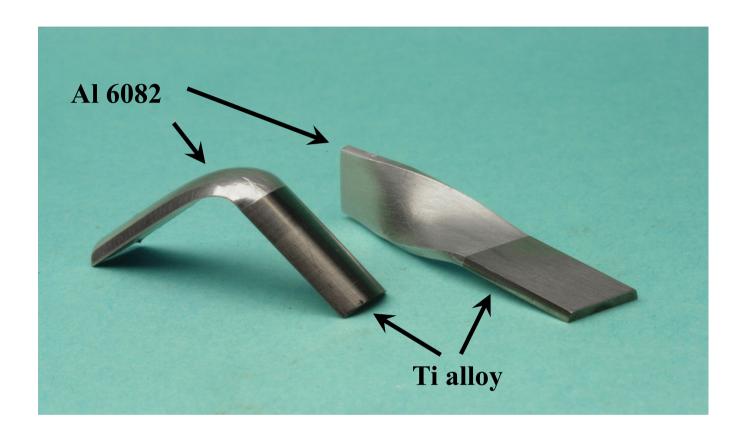
Titanium fan blades made by diffusion bonding







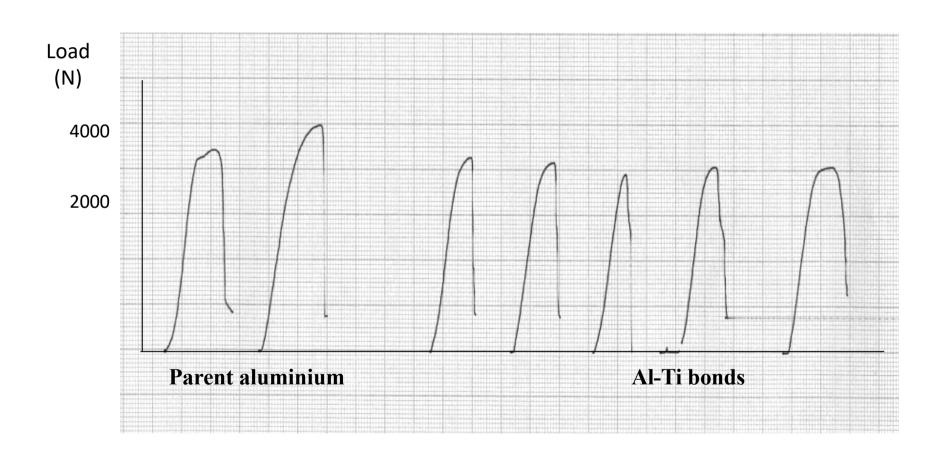
#### Joining aluminium to titanium



Bonded samples subjected to severe mechanical loads to assess joint integrity



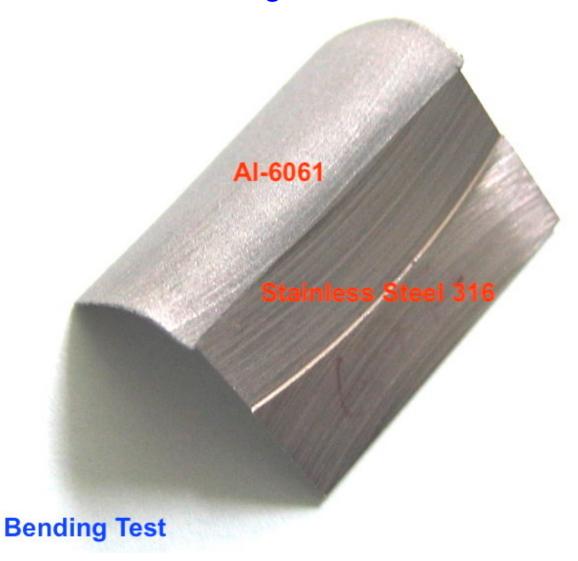
#### Shear test results for Al-Ti solid-state diffusion bonds





#### **Latest Development:**

## Aluminium to Stainless Steel Bond Strength 96-102 MPa

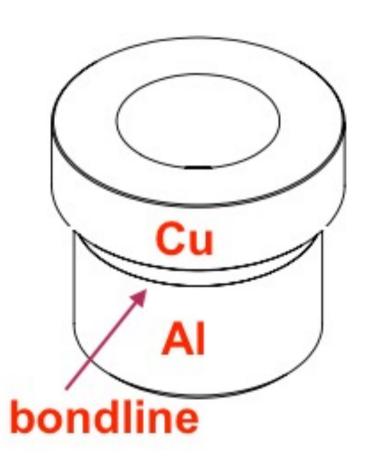




#### **Top-hat Tensile Test**









#### **Top Hat Tensile Testing**







#### Joining aluminium to titanium









#### Aluminium – Titanium Adaptors & Flanges





#### Oil-free Radial & Centrifugal Compressors and Turbines

#### **Problem Definition**

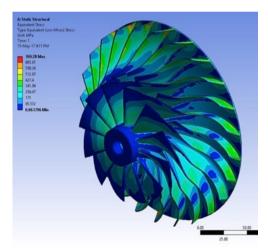
Turbocharger are made in 100,000s per year

- ✓ Air compressors
- ✓ Process gas compressors
- ✓ Natural gas expanders
- ✓ Refrigeration compressors
- ✓ Fuel cell compressors

#### • Problems:

- High axial load prevents applications where pressure is high or leakage has to be minimised
- ♦ High axial load can result in bearing power loss or failure of compressor



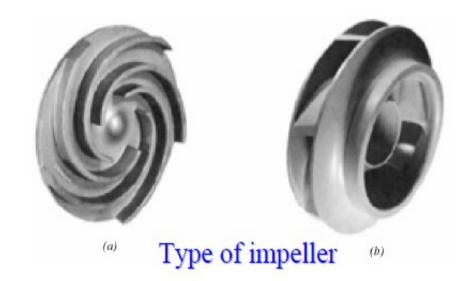


Alex Molyneaux
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UK
www.ofttech.com



#### **Open & Shrouded Wheels**

- ✓ Axial load is substantially reduced using shrouded wheels.
- ✓ Shrouded wheels are common in centrifugal pumps where pressures are high.
- ✓ Shrouded wheels are manufactured by casting or brazing a front plate.
- ✓ Selective laser sintering is one of the latest methods for manufacturing shrouded wheels



(a) Open impeller, (b) enclosed or shrouded impeller

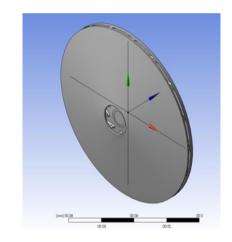


#### Gas Bearing Supported Helium Wheel

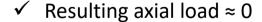
Application: Helium circulators used in nuclear power plants

#### Axial load is too high for open wheels











- ✓ Laser welded <u>successful</u> in 100mm Ø
   wheel with 2 mm high blades
- ✓ Surface roughness ~ 10-40 microns
- ✓ Max accuracy +/- 25 microns



#### Gas Bearing Supported Cryo Expander

Application: Cryogenic expander used in satellites

- ✓ 250,000 RPM gas-lubricated bearings
- ✓ 17 mm diameter expander wheel
- ✓ Blade height only 0.5 mm
- X Laser welding is NOT possible,
- X Roughness & accuracy are too poor
- ✓ Only solution is diffusion bonding





#### Gas Bearing Supported Cryo Expander

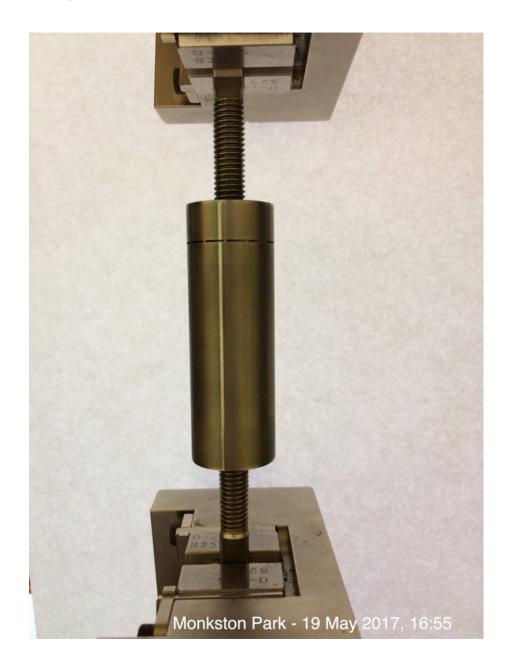
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#### Tensile strength = 1522 kg (334 MPa)







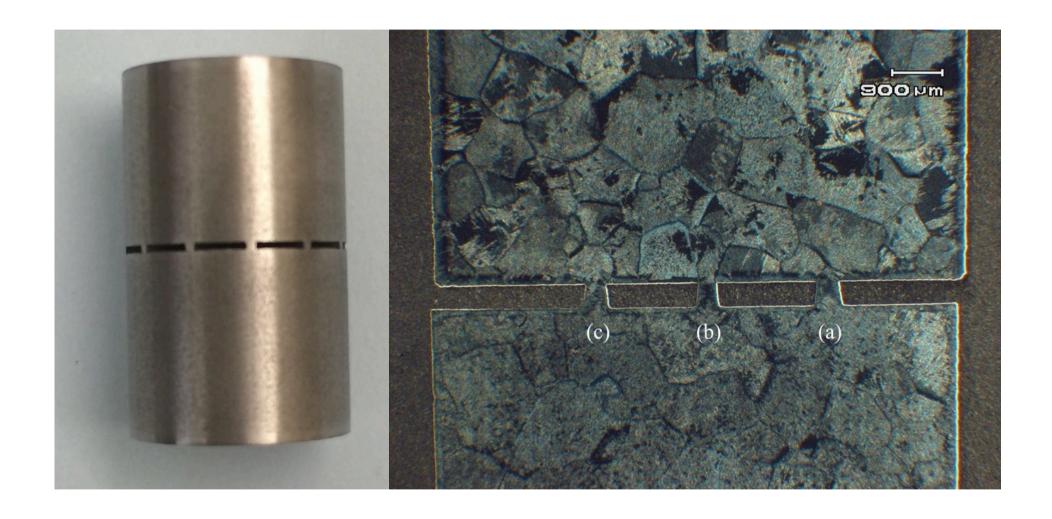
#### **Alignment Accuracy**



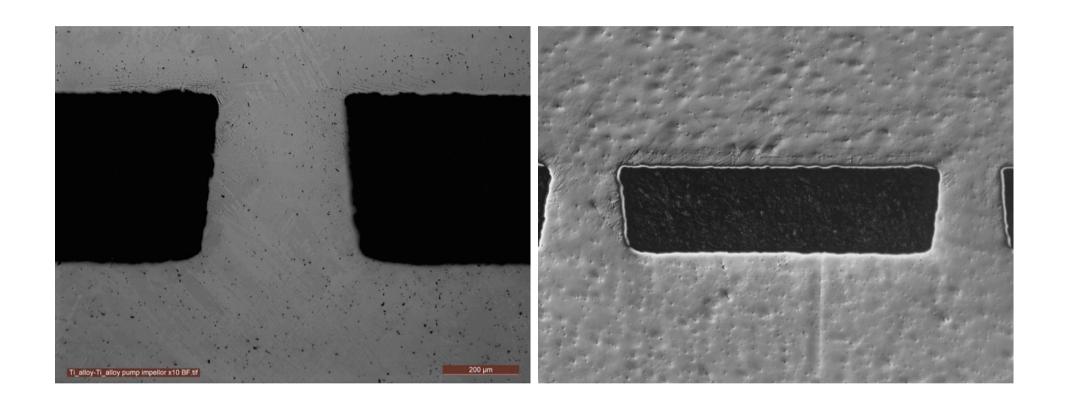
Gap	Micron
Α	517
В	517
С	508
D	512
E	517
F	512
G	497
Н	491
I	497
J	491
K	491
L	497
M	502

Max error = +/- 13 micron

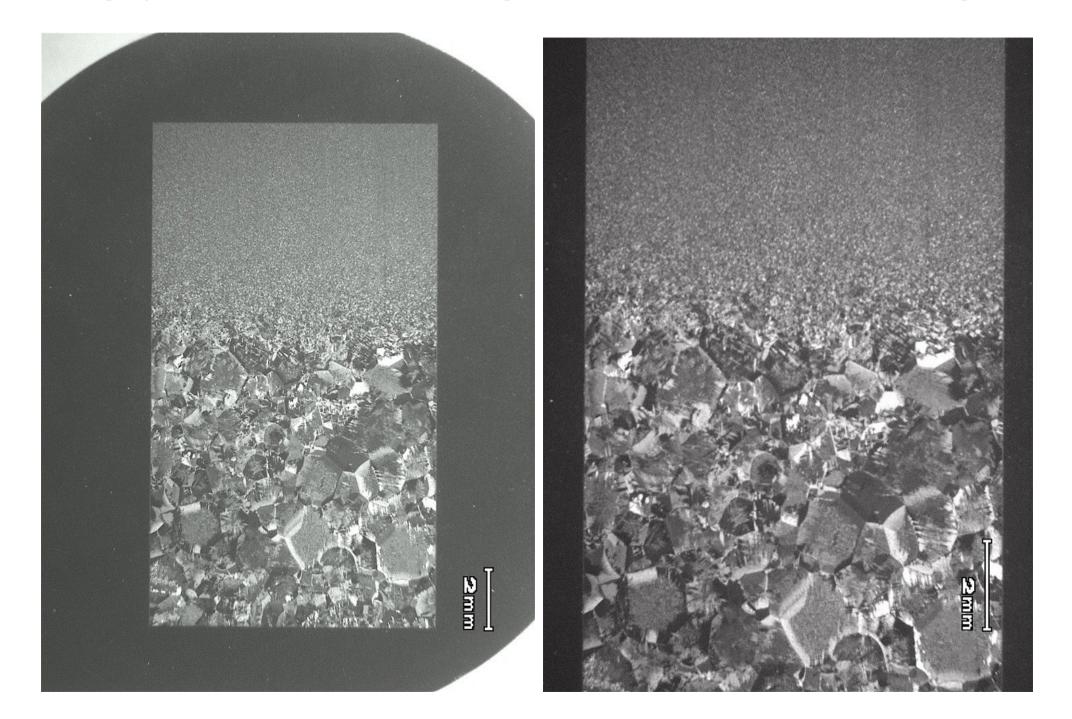
















Virtually invisible bond line

Any questions?





#### SYMPOSIUM OF WORLD EXPERTS IN DIFFUSION BONDING (WEDB)

The Open University, UK | 20-21 June 2017

#### ART OF JOINING UN-WELDABLES



"I cordially invite experts in Diffusion Bonding to join this non-commercial symposium in order to exchange ideas and present their research to potential users."

Dr Amir Shirzadi (Chairman)



Sponsors & Contributors























FURTHER INFORMATION & REGISTRATION mcs.open.ac.uk/wedb/